Docket: 010251

## **CLAIMS**

- 1. (Original) A method comprising:
- starting a timer defined for use within a first wireless communication system; and estimating a duration of a transition from the first wireless communication system to a second wireless communication system as a function of the timer.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising performing a pre-defined operation associated with the timer.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the operation is pre-defined by the first wireless communication system.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the timer comprises a supervision 4. timer.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the timer is defined by the IS856 wireless communication standard.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising: starting a plurality of timers defined for use within the first wireless communication system; and

when returning to the first wireless communication system, estimating the duration of the transition as a function of the plurality of timers.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first wireless communication system is an IS856 system and the second wireless communication system is an IS2000-1x system.
- (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the supervision timer comprises an
   IS856 Control Channel Supervision Timer.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising:
  attempting to receive a synchronous control channel capsule; and
  transitioning to a network acquisition state when the attempt to receive the synchronous
  control channel capsule is unsuccessful.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the supervision timer comprises a data rate control (DRC) supervision timer, the method further comprising:

starting a combination timer; and

when returning to the IS856 system, estimating the duration of the transition as a function of the DRC supervision timer and the combination timer.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising: restarting a transmitter in response to expiration of the DRC supervision timer; and

PATENT Docket: 010251

Appl. No. 10/062,207 Response dated 10/27/04

Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

transitioning to an inactive state in response to expiration of the combination timer.

12. (Original) A processor-readable medium containing processor executable instructions for:

starting a timer defined for use within a first wireless communication system; and estimating a duration of a transition from the first wireless communication system to a second wireless communication system as a function of the timer.

- 13. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 12, containing further instructions for performing a pre-defined operation associated with the timer.
- 14. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 13, wherein the operation is pre-defined by the first wireless communication system.
- 15. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 12, wherein the timer comprises a supervision timer.
- 16. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 12, wherein the timer is defined by the IS856 wireless communication standard.
- 17. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 12, containing further instructions for:

491 P.007/017 F-243

Appl. No. 10/062,207 Response dated 10/27/04

Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

Docket: 010251

starting a plurality of timers defined for use within the first wireless communication system; and

when returning to the first wireless communication system, estimating the duration of the transition as a function of the plurality of timers.

- 18. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 12, wherein the first wireless communication system is an IS856 system and the second wireless communication system is an IS2000-1x system.
- (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 18, wherein the supervision timer comprises an IS856 Control Channel Supervision Timer.
- 20. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 19, containing further instructions for:

attempting to receive a synchronous control channel capsule; and transitioning to a network acquisition state when the attempt to receive the synchronous control channel capsule is unsuccessful.

21. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 18, wherein the supervision timer comprises a data rate control (DRC) supervision timer, the processor-readable medium containing further instructions for:

starting a combination timer; and

Appl. No. 10/062,207

Response dated 10/27/04

Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

PATENT Docket: 010251

when returning to the IS856 system, estimating the duration of the transition as a function of the DRC supervision timer and the combination timer.

22. (Original) The processor-readable medium of claim 21, containing further instructions for:

restarting a transmitter in response to expiration of the DRC supervision timer; and transitioning to an inactive state in response to expiration of the combination timer.

23. (Original) A wireless communication device comprising:

first wireless communication system hardware for operating in a first wireless communication system;

second wireless communication system hardware for operating in a second wireless communication system;

an interoperation module to configure the wireless communication device in response to a transition between the first and second wireless communication systems, the interoperation module configured to estimate a duration of the transition as a function of a supervision timer.

24. (Original) The wireless communication device of claim 23, wherein the interoperation module is configured to estimate the duration of the transition as a function of a plurality of supervision timers.

- 25. (Original) The wireless communication device of claim 23, wherein the first wireless communication system is an IS856 system and the second wireless communication system is an IS2000-1x system.
- 26. (Original) The wireless communication device of claim 25, wherein the supervision timer is a Control Channel Supervision Timer.
- 27. (Original) The wireless communication device of claim 26, wherein the interoperation module is configured to:

attempt to receive a synchronous control channel capsule; and transition to a network acquisition state when the attempt to receive the synchronous control channel capsule is unsuccessful.

28. (Original) The wireless communication device of claim 25, wherein the supervision timer is a data rate control (DRC) supervision timer, and wherein the interoperation module is configured to:

start a combination timer; and

when returning to the IS856 system, estimate the duration of the transition as a function of the DRC supervision timer and the combination timer.

29. (Original) The wireless communication device of claim 28, wherein the interoperation module is configured to:

restart a transmitter in response to expiration of the DRC supervision timer; and

Appl. No. 10/062,207 Response dated 10/27/04 Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

PATENT Docket: 010251

transition to an inactive state in response to expiration of the combination timer.

30. (Original) An apparatus comprising:

means for starting a timer defined for use within a first wireless communication system;
and

estimating a duration of a transition from the first wireless communication system to a second wireless communication system as a function of the timer.

- 31. (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, further comprising means for performing a pre-defined operation associated with the timer.
- 32. (Original) The apparatus of claim 31, wherein the operation is pre-defined by the first wireless communication system.
- 33. (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the timer comprises a supervision timer.
- 34. (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the timer is defined by the IS856 wireless communication standard.
  - 35. (Original) The apparatus of claim 34, further comprising:

means for starting a plurality of timers defined for use within the first wireless communication system; and

Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

means for estimating the duration of the transition as a function of the plurality of timers when returning to the first wireless communication system.

- 36. (Original) The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the first wireless communication system is an IS856 system and the second wireless communication system is an IS2000-1x system.
- 37. (Original) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the supervision timer comprises an IS856 Control Channel Supervision Timer.
- 38. (Original) The apparatus of claim 37, further comprising:

  means for attempting to receive a synchronous control channel capsule; and

  means for transitioning to a network acquisition state when the attempt to receive the

  synchronous control channel capsule is unsuccessful.
- 39. (Original) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the supervision timer comprises a data rate control (DRC) supervision timer, the apparatus further comprising:

means for starting a combination timer; and

means for estimating the duration of the transition as a function of the DRC supervision timer and the combination timer when returning to the IS856 system.

40. (Original) The apparatus of claim 39, further comprising:

'-491 P.012/017 F-243

PATENT Docket: 010251

Appl. No. 10/062,207 Response dated 10/27/04

Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

means for restarting a transmitter in response to expiration of the DRC supervision timer;

and

means for transitioning to an inactive state in response to expiration of the combination

timer.

41. (Original) A system comprising:

a memory that stores processor-readable instructions; and

a processor coupled to the memory that executes the instructions to start a timer defined

for use within a first wireless communication system and to estimate a duration of a transition

from the first wireless communication system to a second wireless communication system as a

function of the timer.

42. (Original) The system of claim 41, wherein the processor further executes the

instructions to perform a pre-defined operation associated with the timer.

43. (Original) The system of claim 42, wherein the operation is pre-defined by the

first wireless communication system.

44. (Original) The system of claim 41, wherein the timer comprises a supervision

timer.

45. (Original) The system of claim 41, wherein the timer is defined by the IS856

wireless communication standard.

10

(AMENDMENTFORM.VER1.0-04/30/04)

PAGE 40/45 \* RCVD AT 10/27/2004 9:04:54 PM [Eastern Daylight Time] \* SVR:USPTO-EFXRF-1/0 \* DNIS:8729306 \* CSID:+ \* DURATION (mm-ss):11-28

PATENT Docket: 010251

Appl. No. 10/062,207 Response dated 10/27/04 Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

46. (Original) The system of claim 41, wherein the processor further executes the instructions to:

start a plurality of timers defined for use within the first wireless communication system; and

when returning to the first wireless communication system, estimate the duration of the transition as a function of the plurality of timers.

- 47. (Original) The system of claim 41, wherein the first wireless communication system is an IS856 system and the second wireless communication system is an IS2000-1x system.
- 48. (Original) The system of claim 47, wherein the supervision timer comprises an IS856 Control Channel Supervision Timer.
- 49. (Original) The system of claim 48, wherein the processor further executes the instructions to:

attempt to receive a synchronous control channel capsule; and

transition to a network acquisition state when the attempt to receive the synchronous control channel capsule is unsuccessful.

T-491 P.014/017 F-243

PATENT Docket: 010251

Appl. No. 10/062,207 Response dated 10/27/04 Reply to Office Action of 09/03/2004

50. (Original) The system of claim 47, wherein the supervision timer comprises a data rate control (DRC) supervision timer, and wherein the processor further executes the instructions to:

start a combination timer; and

when returning to the IS856 system, estimate the duration of the transition as a function of the DRC supervision timer and the combination timer.

51. (Original) The system of claim 50, wherein the processor further executes the instructions to:

restart a transmitter in response to expiration of the DRC supervision timer; and transition to an inactive state in response to expiration of the combination timer.